

THE LAKE CITY PORT AUTHORITY

DATA PRACTICES PROCEDURES

Adopted: May 19, 2022

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DATA PRACTICES PROCEDURES
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THE LAKE CITY PORT AUTHORITY DATA PRACTICES PROCEDURES

1.0 Introduction. These procedures are adopted to comply with the requirements of the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act (the “Act”), specifically Minnesota Statutes Sections 13.025, 13.03, subdivision 2 and 13.05, subdivision 5. It is the intent of the Lake City Port Authority (the “Port Authority”) to remain in compliance with the Act. These procedures shall be supplemented by the requirements of the Act as needed and if any procedure contained herein is inconsistent with those requirements, as they may be amended, the specific provisions of the Act shall be controlling. These provisions are separate from the provisions of the City of Lake City’s Data Practices Procedures, which are not intended to apply to the Port Authority.

2.0 Responsible Authority. The Executive Director of the Port Authority is the Responsible Authority and Compliance Official responsible for the collection, use and distribution of government data and is accountable for the Port Authority’s compliance with the Act. The Responsible Authority may authorize certain other Port Authority employees or contractors to collect, maintain, disseminate, and otherwise assist in complying with the Act (“Designees”). These Designees are listed on attached Exhibit 1. The Responsible Authority shall provide training to Designees at such times and in such a manner as the designated Responsible Authority determines is appropriate to inform them of their obligations under the Act. The designated Responsible Authority shall also be authorized to amend or supplement the Exhibits attached to these procedures as needed to further the intent of these procedures and the Port Authority’s compliance with the Act. For the purposes of carrying out these procedures, the term Responsible Authority shall include Designees unless the context in which it is used indicates a different intent.

3.0 Access to Public Data. All information maintained by the Port Authority is public unless there is a specific statutory designation which gives it a different classification. Categories of classification are as follows:

Data on Individuals* M.S. § 13.02, subd. 5	Data on Decedents M.S. § 13.10, subd. 1	Data not on Individuals* M.S. § 13.02, subd. 4
Public Accessible to anyone M.S. § 13.02, subd. 15	Public Accessible to anyone M.S. § 13.02, subd. 15	Public Accessible to anyone M.S. § 13.02, subd. 14
Private Accessible to the data subject; Not accessible to the public M.S. § 13.02, subd. 12	Private** Accessible to the representative of the decedent; Not accessible to the public M.S. § 13.10, subd. 1(b)	Nonpublic Accessible to the data subject; Not accessible to the public M.S. § 13.02, subd. 9
Confidential Not accessible to the data subject; Not accessible to the public M.S. § 13.02, subd. 3	Confidential** Not accessible to the representative of the decedent; Not accessible to the public M.S. § 13.10, subd. 1(a)	Protected Nonpublic Not accessible to the data subject; Not accessible to the public M.S. § 13.02, subd. 13

* Individual is defined at Minn Stat. § 13.02, subd. 8. Individual means a natural person (a living human being). It does not mean any type of entity created by law, such as a corporation.

** Private and confidential data on decedents become public data 10 years after the death of the data subject and 30 years after the creation of the data.

3.1 People Entitled to Access. Any person has the right to inspect or view public data or to have an explanation of the meaning of the data. The person does not need to state his or her name or give the reason for the request unless a statute specifically authorizes the Port Authority to request such information. The Responsible Authority may ask a person to provide identifying or clarifying information for the sole purpose of facilitating access to the data. Examples of when identifying information may be requested include, but are not limited to, obtaining a mailing address when the person has requested that copies be mailed or requesting identification when copies have been paid for by check. Additionally, any person has the right to obtain a copy of public data except in the case of copyrighted materials in the possession of the Port Authority for which the Port Authority does not have express written permission to reproduce.

3.1A Copyrighted Documents. Copyrighted public documents may be shown to anyone but shall not be reproduced or photocopied without express written permission from the copyright holder. (Exhibit 7)

3.1A1 The Responsible Authority reserves the right to refuse to provide copies of copyrighted data in accordance with the copyright law of the United States (Title 17, United States Code) which governs the making of photocopies or other reproductions of copyrighted material.

3.1A2 Public documents created by the Port Authority or its officials and employees on behalf of the Port Authority do not qualify for copyright protection and shall be available for viewing and reproduction in accordance with the Act. In certain cases, the Port Authority may enforce a copyright or acquire a patent for a computer software program or components of a program created by the Port Authority. In such cases, the data shall be treated as trade secret information.

3.2. Form of Request. The request for public data may be verbal or written. The Responsible Authority or designee may require a verbal request to be made in writing whenever a written request will assist the Responsible Authority or designee in performing his or her duties. (Exhibit 3)

3.3 Identification of Requesting Party. The Responsible Authority **may not** require the requesting party to provide identification to view public documents unless contact information is required in order to clarify the request. The Responsible Authority must verify the identity of the requesting party as a person entitled to reproductions when reproductions of copyrighted public data are requested. Identity can be established through personal knowledge, presentation of photo identification, comparison of the data subject's signature on a consent form with the person's signature in Port Authority records, or other reasonable means.

3.4 Form of Copies. Where public data is maintained in a computer storage medium, the Responsible Authority shall provide copies of the public data in electronic form upon request, provided a copy can reasonably be made in that form. The Responsible Authority is not required to provide the data in an electronic format or program that is different from the format or program in which the Responsible Authority maintains the data. The Responsible Authority may charge a fee for the actual cost of providing the copy.

3.5 Time Limits. Requests will be received and processed only at the Port Authority's office during normal business hours. If copies cannot be made at the time of the request, copies must be supplied as soon as reasonably possible. Whenever possible, the Responsible Authority will immediately allow the requesting person to inspect the public data. When providing an immediate response to the requester, it should not interfere with the Port Authority's efficient operations. The Responsible Authority may require that the requesting person make an appointment or return at a later time to inspect or to pick up copies of the requested data. When public data on individuals is requested

by the individual data subject and an immediate response is not possible, the authorized Port Authority employee will provide the data within 10 days of the date of the request, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.

3.6 Fees. Anyone may inspect or view public data for any reason without charge. Fees may be charged only if the requesting person asks for a copy or electronic transmittal of the data. Fees will be charged according to the Port Authority's copying policy and may not include time necessary to separate public from non-public data. A copy of the current copying policy is attached at Exhibit 2.

4.0 Access to Private and Confidential Data on Individuals. Information about individual persons is classified by law as public, private, or confidential. A list of the private and confidential information maintained by the Port Authority is contained in Appendix A.

4.1 People Entitled to Access.

4.1A Public information about an individual may be shown or given to anyone for any reason.

4.1B Private information about an individual may be shown or given to:

4.1B1 The individual, but only once every six months, unless a dispute has arisen or additional data has been collected or created.

4.1B2 A person who has been given access by the express written consent of the data subject. (Exhibit 6)

4.1B3 People, or another responsible authority, which are authorized access by federal or state law or by court order.

4.1B4 People within the Port Authority staff, appointed members of the Port Authority, and outside agents (such as attorneys, insurance agents, etc.) whose work assignments or responsibilities reasonably require access.

4.1C Confidential information may not be given to the subject of the data, but may be given or shown to:

4.1C1 People who are authorized access by federal or state law or by court order.

4.1C2 People within the Port Authority staff, appointed members of the Port Authority, and outside agents (such as attorneys, insurance agents, etc.) whose work assignments or responsibilities reasonably require access.

4.2 Form of Request. Any individual may request data verbally or in writing. Data will be released depending on whether the Port Authority has stored the data requested and whether the data is classified as public, private, or confidential. All requests to see private or confidential information must be made in writing in order to verify identity. The Responsible Authority will provide a form (Exhibit 3) to document the requesting party's identity, the information requested, and the Port Authority's response; however, any individual may request data verbally or in writing as long as the request is accompanied by documentation of the requesting party's identity and a detailed description of the information requested.

4.3 Identification of Requesting Party. The Responsible Authority **must** verify the identity of the requesting party as a person entitled to access when private or confidential data is requested. Identity can be established through personal knowledge, presentation of photo identification, comparison of the data subject's signature on a consent form with the person's signature in Port Authority records, or other reasonable means.

4.4 Time Limits. Requests will be received and processed at the Port Authority's office only during normal business hours. Access to the data will be provided as soon as is reasonably possible. Data requested by the individual data subject will be provided within 10 days of the date of the request, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays if an immediate response is not possible.

4.5 Fees. Fees will be charged in the same manner as for public information and are summarized in Exhibit 2.

4.6 Summary Data. The term "summary data" refers to statistical records and reports derived from data on individuals, but which does not identify an individual by name or reveal any other characteristic that could uniquely identify an individual. Summary data derived from private or confidential data is public. The Responsible Authority will prepare summary data upon request if the request is in writing and the requesting party pays for the cost of preparation. The Responsible Authority must notify the requesting party about the estimated costs and collect these costs before preparing or supplying the summary data. This should be done within 10 days after receiving the request. If the summary data cannot be prepared within 10 days, the Responsible Authority must notify the requester of the anticipated time schedule and the reason for the delay.

Summary data may be prepared by "blacking out" personal identifiers, cutting out portions of the records that contain personal identifiers, creating a spreadsheet, programming computers to delete personal identifiers, or other reasonable means.

The Responsible Authority may ask an outside agency or person to prepare the summary data if: (1) the specific purpose is given in writing; (2) the agency or

person agrees not to disclose the private or confidential data; and (3) the Responsible Authority determines that access by this outside agency or person will not compromise the privacy of the private or confidential data. (Exhibit 4)

4.7 Records of Minors and Incapacitated Persons. The following applies to private (not confidential) data about people under the age of 18 and about those persons who are incapacitated as defined by Minnesota Statutes Section 524.5-102, subdivision 6.

4.7A Parent/Guardian Access. In addition to minors and incapacitated persons as defined above who may have access to private data, a parent may have access to private information about a minor or incapacitated person. For the purposes of these procedures, a “Parent” shall include guardians and individuals acting as parents or guardians in the absence of parents or guardians. A parent is presumed to have this right unless the minor has requested the Responsible Authority to withhold the data and withholding the data would be in the best interest of the minor, or unless the Responsible Authority has been given evidence that there is a state law, court order, or other legally binding document, that restricts the parent’s exercise of this right.

4.7B Notice to Minor and Incapacitated Persons. Before requesting private data from minors or incapacitated persons, Port Authority personnel must notify the minors and incapacitated persons that they may request that the information not be given to their parent or guardian(s). (Exhibit 5)

4.7C Denial of Parent or Guardian Access. The Responsible Authority may deny parent or guardian access to private data when the individual requests this denial and the Responsible Authority determines that withholding the data would be in the best interest of the individual. The request from the individual must be in writing, stating the reasons for the request. In determining the best interest of the individual, the Responsible Authority will consider:

4.7C1 Whether the individual is of sufficient age and maturity to explain the reasons and understand the consequences;

4.7C2 Whether denying access may protect the individual from physical or emotional harm;

4.7C3 Whether there are reasonable grounds to support the individual’s reasons; and

4.7C4 Whether the data concerns medical, dental, or other health services provided under Minnesota Statutes Sections 144.341 to

144.347. If so, the data may be released only if failure to inform the parent or guardian would seriously jeopardize the health of the individual.

The Responsible Authority may also deny parental access without a request from the juvenile or incapacitated person under any state or federal statute that allows or requires denial of parental access and that provides standards for denying parental access

5.0 Access to Private and Confidential Data on Decedents. Private data on decedents means data which, prior to the death of the data subject, were classified by statute, federal law, or temporary classification as private data. Confidential data means data which, prior to the death of the data subject, were classified by statute, federal law, or temporary classification as confidential data. A list of the private and confidential information maintained by the Port Authority is contained in Appendix A. Information about individuals who are deceased will be treated the same as data that is about individuals who are living except:

5.0A Private and confidential data on decedents will become public data 10 years after the death of the data subject and 30 years after the creation of the data in accordance with Minnesota Statutes Section 13.10, subdivision 2. An individual is presumed dead if either 90 years have elapsed since the creation of the data or 90 years have elapsed since the individual's birth, whichever is earlier, except that an individual is not presumed to be dead if the Responsible Authority has information readily available to it indicating the individual is still living.

5.0B A representative of the decedent may exercise the rights that the decedent could have exercised as a living individual. A "representative of the decedent" means a personal representative of the estate of the decedent during the period of administration, or if no personal representative has been appointed or after discharge, the surviving spouse, any child of the decedent, or, if there is no surviving spouse or children, the parents of the decedent.

6.0 Access to Data not on Individuals. Information not about individuals is classified by law as public, nonpublic, and protected nonpublic. Information that is not about individuals will generally be treated the same as data about individuals. Nonpublic and protected nonpublic information, except for security information, becomes public either 10 years after it was created by the Port Authority or 10 years after the data was received or collected by the Port Authority unless the Responsible Authority reasonably determines that, if the information was made public or made available to the data subject, the harm to the public or the data subject would outweigh the benefit to the public or the data subject.

6.1 People Entitled to Access.

6.1A Public information not about an individual may be shown to anyone. Copyrighted documents will not be reproduced or photocopied without express written permission from the copyright holder. (Exhibit 7)

6.1B Nonpublic information not about an individual may be shown or given to:

6.1B1 An authorized representative of the subject entity of the data, but only once every six months, unless a dispute has arisen or additional data has been collected.

6.1B2 A person who has been given access by the express written consent of the authorized representative of the entity which is the subject of the data. (Exhibit 6)

6.1B3 People who are authorized access by federal or state law or by court order.

6.1B4 People within the Port Authority staff, appointed members of the Port Authority, and outside agents (such as attorneys, insurance agents, etc.) whose work assignments or responsibilities reasonably require access.

6.1C Protected Nonpublic information may not be given to the authorized representative of the entity, but may be given or shown to:

6.1C1 People who are authorized access by federal or state or by court order.

6.1C2 People within the Port Authority staff, appointed members of the Port Authority, and outside agents (such as attorneys, insurance agents, etc.) whose work assignments or responsibilities reasonably require access.

6.2 Form of Request. Any person may request data verbally or in writing. Data will be released depending on whether the Port Authority has stored the data requested and whether the data is classified as public, nonpublic, protected nonpublic, or is copyrighted.

All requests to view or receive a reproduction of nonpublic or protected nonpublic information must be made in writing in order to verify identity. All requests to receive a reproduction of copyrighted public, nonpublic or protected nonpublic information must be made in writing in order to determine if the request for copyrighted material qualifies for release under copyright law of the United States

(Title 17, United States Code.) The Responsible Authority will provide a form (Exhibit 3) to document the requesting party's identity, the information requested, and the Port Authority's response; however, any person may request data verbally or in writing as long as the request includes documentation of the requesting party's identity and a detailed description of the information requested.

6.3 Identification of Requesting Party. The Responsible Authority must verify the identity of the requesting party as a person entitled to access when nonpublic or protected nonpublic data is requested. The Responsible Authority must also verify the identity of the requesting party as a person entitled to access when copies of copyrighted private, nonpublic, or protected nonpublic data is requested. Identity can be established through personal knowledge, presentation of photo identification, comparison of the data subject's signature on a consent form with the person's signature in the Port Authority records, or other reasonable means.

6.4 Time Limits. Requests will be received and processed at the Port Authority's office only during normal business hours. The response must be immediate, if possible, or prompt and reasonable, if an immediate response is not possible.

6.5 Fees. Fees will be charged in the same manner as for public information and are summarized in Exhibit 2.

6.6 Accessibility of Records. Upon request by an individual, records must be made available within a reasonable time period to persons with disabilities in a manner consistent with state and federal laws prohibiting discrimination against persons with disabilities. Reasonable modifications must be made in any policies, practices and procedures that might otherwise deny equal access to records to individuals with disabilities. This requirement does not apply to (1) technology procured or developed prior to January 1, 2013, unless substantially modified or substantially enhanced after January 1, 2013 or (2) records that cannot be reasonably modified to be accessible without an undue burden as defined in Minnesota Statutes Section 16E.015, subdivision 4 to the public entity or (3) except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes Chapter 16E.

7.0 Temporary Classification. If the Responsible Authority determines information not expressly classified by law should be protected, the Responsible Authority may apply to the Commissioner of Administration for permission to classify information as private, confidential, nonpublic, or protected nonpublic for its own use and for the use of other governmental entities on a temporary basis. The application and the classification of the information shall be in accordance with Minnesota Statutes Section 13.06.

8.0 Denial of Access. If the Responsible Authority determines that the requested data is not accessible to the requesting party, the Responsible Authority must inform the requesting party verbally at the time of the request or in writing as soon after that as

possible. The Responsible Authority must give the specific legal authority, including statutory section, for withholding the data. The Responsible Authority must place a verbal denial in writing upon request. This must also include the specific legal authority for the denial.

9.0 Collection of Data on Individuals. The collection and storage of information about individuals will be limited to that necessary for the administration and management of the programs specifically authorized by the state legislature, the Port Authority, or federal government.

9.1 Tennessean Warning. When an individual is asked to supply private or confidential information about the individual, the Port Authority employee requesting the information must give the individual a Tennessean Warning. (Exhibit 8; Exhibit 9)

9.1A This warning must contain the following:

9.1A1 The purpose and intended use of the requested data;

9.1A2 Whether the individual may refuse or is legally required to supply the requested data;

9.1A3 Any known consequences from supplying or refusing to supply the information; and

9.1A4 The identity of other persons or entities authorized by state or federal law to receive the data.

9.1B A Tennessean Warning is not required when:

9.1B1 An individual is requested to supply investigative data to a law enforcement officer;

9.1B2 The data subject is not an individual (e.g., the data subject is a corporation or partnership);

9.1B3 The data subject offers information that has not been requested by the Port Authority;

9.1B4 The information requested from the individual is about someone else;

9.1B5 The Port Authority receives information about the subject from someone else; or

9.1B6 The information requested from the subject is classified as public data.

9.1C A Tennessee Warning may be on a separate form (Exhibit 9) or may be incorporated into the form which requests the private or confidential data.

9.1D Collection of Data on Individuals through the Use of the Port Authority's Computer When an individual gains access to government information or services through the Port Authority's computer, the Port Authority may create, collect, or maintain electronic access data or use its computer to install a cookie on an individual's computer. The Port Authority must inform individuals gaining access to the Port Authority's computer of the creation, collection, or maintenance of electronic access data or the Port Authority's use of cookies before requiring the individual to provide any data about the individual to the Port Authority. As part of that notice, the Port Authority must inform the individual how the data will be used and disseminated. Notwithstanding an individual's refusal to accept a cookie on its computer, the Port Authority must allow the individual to gain access to data or information, transfer data or information, or use government services by means of the Port Authority's computer. The provisions of this section do not apply to a cookie temporarily installed by the Port Authority on a person's computer during a single session on or visit to the Port Authority's web site if the cookie is installed only in a computer's memory and is deleted from the memory when the web site browser or application is closed.

9.2 Data Quality Procedures. The Port Authority is required to establish procedures to ensure that data on individuals are accurate, complete, and current. The Responsible Authority shall work with employees that collect, use, or disseminate data on individuals to implement the following procedures:

9.2A At the time that data is collected from the individual data subject, the individual should be advised of his or her right to review and contest the accuracy or completeness of public or private data concerning him/herself.

9.2B An individual data subject should be encouraged to review his/her file for accuracy, completeness, and currency.

9.2C Whenever possible and practical, collect data about an individual from the individual subject of the data rather than from third parties (e.g., birthdate, address, etc.). (This directive does not prohibit employees from collecting data from third parties.)

9.2D Design forms to collect objective types of data elements whenever possible, rather than data which calls for an opinion or conclusion or other subjective entry. Forms for the collection of data on individuals should request only necessary data.

9.2E Department heads should periodically review forms used to collect data on individuals. Data elements that are not necessary or that lend themselves to ambiguity or subjectivity should be removed and the forms redesigned.

9.2F Department heads should periodically conduct quality/validity checks on sample case files that contain data on individuals.

10.0 Data Accuracy, Currency, and Completeness.

10.1 Challenge to Data Accuracy or Completeness. An individual who is the subject of public or private data may contest the accuracy or completeness of that data maintained by the Port Authority of which he or she is the subject. "Accurate" means the data are reasonably correct and free from error. "Complete" means the data describe all of the subject's transactions with the Port Authority in a reasonable way.

To challenge the accuracy or completeness of data, the individual must notify the Responsible Authority in writing describing the nature of the disagreement. The statement should describe why or how the data are inaccurate or incomplete and should also state what the individual wants the Port Authority to do to make the data accurate or complete. Within 30 days, the Responsible Authority or designee must respond and either (1) correct the data found to be inaccurate or incomplete and attempt to notify past recipients of inaccurate or incomplete data, including recipients named by the individual, or (2) notify the individual that the Authority believes the data to be correct. Data in dispute shall be disclosed only if the individual's statement of disagreement is included with the disclosed data. The Responsible Authority should provide the data subject with a written statement that informs the data subject of the right to appeal and should also provide a copy of Minnesota Rules Part 1205.1600.

An individual who is dissatisfied with the Responsible Authority's action may appeal to the Commissioner of the Minnesota Department of Administration, using the contested case procedures under Minnesota Statutes Chapter 14. The Responsible Authority will correct any data if so ordered to do so by the Commissioner.

10.2 Employee Accuracy. All Port Authority employees will be requested, and given appropriate forms, to annually provide updated personal information to the Responsible Authority, as necessary for tax, insurance, emergency notification, and other personnel purposes. Other individuals who provide private or

confidential information will also be encouraged to provide updated information when appropriate.

10.3 Review. Department heads should periodically review forms used to collect data on individuals to delete items that are not necessary and to clarify items that may be ambiguous. All records must be disposed of according to the Port Authority's records retention schedule.

11.0 Policy for Ensuring the Security of Not Public Data.

11.1 Legal Requirement. The adoption of this Section by the Port Authority satisfies the requirement in Minnesota Statutes Section 13.05, subdivision 5 to establish procedures ensuring appropriate access to not public data. By incorporating employee access to not public data in the Port Authority's Data Inventory (see Appendix A), in the individual employee's position description, or both, the Port Authority's policy limits access to not public data to employees whose work assignment require reasonable access. Please direct all questions regarding this Section to the Responsible Authority.

11.2 Data Inventory. Under the requirement in Minnesota Statutes Section 13.025, subdivision 1, the Port Authority has prepared a Data Inventory which identifies and describes all not public data on individuals maintained by the Port Authority. To comply with the requirement set forth in Minnesota Statutes Section 13.05, subdivision 5, the Port Authority has also modified its Data Inventory to represent the employees who have access to not public data.

11.3 Data Safeguards.

11.3A Not public data will be stored by the Port Authority in files or databases which are not readily accessible to individuals who do not have authorized access and will be secured during hours when the offices are closed.

11.3B Not public data must be kept only in the Port Authority's offices, except when necessary for Port Authority business.

11.3C The Port Authority will assign appropriate security roles to its employees, limit employee access to appropriate shared network drives and implement password protections for not public electronic data.

11.3D Only those Port Authority employees whose job responsibilities require them to have access will be allowed access to Port Authority files and records that contain not public data. Employee position descriptions will contain provisions identifying any not public data accessible to the employee when a work assignment reasonably requires access. If a Port Authority employee does not have a work assignment allowing access to

the not public data, the Port Authority will ensure that the not public data are secure. The Port Authority's employees will be instructed to:

11.3D1 Release or disclose not public data only to those persons, within and outside of the Port Authority, who are authorized by law to have access to the data;

11.3D2 Not leave not public data where unauthorized individuals might see it;

11.3D3 Password protect their computers and lock their computers before leaving work stations;

11.3D4 Secure not public data within locked work spaces and in locked file cabinets; and

11.3D5 Shred not public data before disposing of them.

In the event of a temporary duty assigned to a Port Authority employee, the employee may access certain not public data for as long as the work is assigned to the employee.

11.4 Data Sharing with Authorized Entities or Individuals

11.4A When a contract with an outside party requires access to not public data, the contracting party will be required to use and disseminate the information consistent with the Act. The Port Authority must include in a written contract the language contained in Exhibit 10 or substantially similar language.

11.4B In addition to the employees listed in the Port Authority's data inventory (see Appendix A), the Responsible Authority and the Compliance Official, the Port Authority's Attorney, and the Port Authority Executive Director may have access to all not public data maintained by the Port Authority if necessary for specified duties. Any access to not public data will be strictly limited to the data necessary to complete the work assignment.

11.4C State or federal law may authorize the sharing of not public data in specific circumstances. Not public data may be shared with another entity if a federal or state law allows it or mandates it. Individuals will have notice of any sharing in applicable Tennessee warnings or the Port Authority will obtain the individual's informed consent. Any sharing of not public data will be strictly limited to the data necessary or required to comply with the applicable law.

11.5 Penalties for Unlawfully Accessing Not Public Data. The Port Authority will utilize penalties for unlawful access by its employees to not public data as provided for in Minnesota Statutes Section 13.09, if necessary. Penalties include suspension, dismissal, or referring the matter to the appropriate prosecutorial authority who may pursue a criminal misdemeanor charge.

**EXHIBIT 1
LIST OF DESIGNEES**

The Minnesota Data Practices Act establishes a system for compilation and distribution of data gathered by government agencies. All data collected and maintained by the Lake City Port Authority (the "Port Authority") is presumed public and is accessible to the public for both inspection and copying, unless classified as Private, Confidential, Nonpublic, or Protected Nonpublic in accordance with Federal law, State Statute, or a temporary classification.

The Port Authority has appointed the following position to administer this system.

Responsible Authority and Compliance Official:

Executive Director
Lake City Port Authority
205 West Center Street
Lake City, MN 55041-1609
(651) 345-6808 Phone
(651) 345-3208 Fax

Positions appointed as designees are as follows:

Other persons responsible for the maintenance and dissemination of the Port Authority records are as assigned.

EXHIBIT 2

Photocopying Charges

Regular Photocopy Charge*

(if 100 or fewer pages of black and white letter or legal size paper copies are requested)

\$.25 per page**

\$.05 per page for additional copies of the same document

Special Copy Charge

(charged in all other circumstances, including requests to provide data electronically or by facsimile)

Actual Cost*

* the "actual cost" means the cost of any materials (paper, copier ink, staples, CDs/DVDs, flash drives, video/audio tapes, etc.), any special costs associated with making copies from computerized data, such as writing or modifying a computer program to format data, any mailing costs, and any vehicle costs directly involved in transporting data to the appropriate facility when necessary to provide copies. In addition, "actual cost" also includes Port Authority staff time spent making, certifying, and compiling the copies (when requested by the data subject). For requests by anyone other than the data subject, the "actual cost" also includes Port Authority staff time spent retrieving the data to be copied, sorting and labeling the documents (if this is necessary to identify what is to be copied), removing staples or paper clips, taking documents to the copier for copying, as well as making, certifying, and compiling the copies. Labor costs are never charged for separating public from not public data.

EXHIBIT 3

**INFORMATION DISCLOSURE REQUEST
Minnesota Government Data Practices Act**

A. Completed by Requestor

REQUESTOR NAME (Last, First, M):	DATE OF REQUEST:
STREET ADDRESS:	PHONE NUMBER:
CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE:	SIGNATURE:
DESCRIPTION OF THE INFORMATION REQUESTED:	

B. Completed by Port Authority

DEPARTMENT NAME:	HANDLED BY:
INFORMATION CLASSIFIED AS: <input type="checkbox"/> PUBLIC <input type="checkbox"/> NON-PUBLIC <input type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE <input type="checkbox"/> PROTECTED NON-PUBLIC <input type="checkbox"/> CONFIDENTIAL	ACTION: <input type="checkbox"/> APPROVED <input type="checkbox"/> APPROVED IN PART (explain below) <input type="checkbox"/> DENIED (explain below)
REMARKS OR BASIS FOR DENIAL INCLUDING STATUTE SECTION:	
PHOTOCOPYING CHARGES: <input type="checkbox"/> NONE <input type="checkbox"/> _____ Pages x _____ = _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Special Rate: _____ (attach explanation)	IDENTITY VERIFIED FOR PRIVATE INFORMATION: <input type="checkbox"/> IDENTIFICATION: DRIVER'S LICENSE, STATE I.D., etc. <input type="checkbox"/> COMPARISON WITH SIGNATURE ON FILE <input type="checkbox"/> PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER: _____
AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE:	DATE:

EXHIBIT 4

GOVERNMENT DATA ACCESS AND NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

1. **AUTHORIZATION.** The Lake City Port Authority (the "Port Authority") hereby authorizes _____, ("Authorized Party") access to the following government data:

2. **PURPOSE.** Access to this government data is limited to the objective of creating summary data for the following purpose:

3. **COST.** (Check all that apply):

___ The Authorized Party has been requested by the Port Authority to prepare summary data and will be paid in accordance with Port Authority policy. The estimated total is: \$_____.

___ _____ is the person who requested the summary data and agrees to bear the Port Authority's costs associated with the preparation of the data which has been estimated to be \$_____.

Signature of Requestor

Date

4. **SECURITY.** The Authorized Party agrees that it and any employees or agents under its control must protect the privacy interests of individual data subjects in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

The Authorized Party agrees to remove all unique personal identifiers which could be used to identify any individual from data classified by state or federal law as not public which is obtained from Port Authority records and incorporated into reports, summaries, compilations, articles, or any document or series of documents.

Data contained in files, records, microfilm, or other storage media maintained by the Port Authority are the Port Authority's property and are not to leave the Port Authority's custody. The Authorized Party agrees not to make reproductions of any data or remove any data from the site where it is provided, if the data can in any way identify an individual.

No data which is not public and which is irrelevant to the purpose stated above will ever be disclosed or communicated to anyone by any means.

The Authorized Party warrants that the following named individual(s) will be the only person(s) to participate in the collection of the data described above:

Complete name (printed)

Title (printed)

5. **LIABILITY FOR DISCLOSURE.** The Authorized Party is liable for any unlawful use or disclosure of government data collected, used, and maintained in the exercise of this agreement and is classified as not public under state or federal law. The Authorized Party understands that it may be subject to civil or criminal penalties under those laws. The Authorized Party agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold the Port Authority, its officials, and employees harmless from any liability, claims, damages, costs, judgments, or expenses, omission of the Authorized Party's failure to fully perform in any respect all obligations under this agreement.

6. **INSURANCE.** In order to protect itself as well as the Port Authority, the Authorized Party agrees at all times during the term of this Agreement to maintain insurance covering the Authorized Party's activities under this Agreement. The insurance will cover \$1,500,000 per claimant for personal injuries and/or damages and \$1,500,000 per occurrence. The policy must cover the indemnification obligation specified above.

7. **ACCESS PERIOD.** The Authorized Party may have access to the information described above from _____ to _____.

8. **ACCESS RESULTS.** A copy of all reports, summaries, compilations, articles, publications or any document or series of documents that are created from the information provided under this agreement must be provided to the Port Authority. The Authorized Party may retain one copy of the summary data created for its own records but may not disclose it without the Port Authority's permission, except in defense of claims brought against it.

AUTHORIZED PARTY: _____

By: _____ Date: _____

Title (if applicable): _____

REQUESTOR OF SUMMARY DATA: _____

By: _____ Date: _____

Title (if applicable): _____

THE LAKE CITY PORT AUTHORITY:

By: _____ Date: _____

Its: _____

EXHIBIT 5
NOTICE TO PERSONS UNDER AGE 18

Some of the information you are asked to provide is classified as private under State law. You have the right to request that some or all of the information not be given to one or both of your parents/legal guardians. Please complete the form below if you wish to have information withheld.

Your request does not automatically mean that the information will be withheld. State law requires the Port Authority to determine if honoring the request would be in your best interest. The Port Authority is required to consider:

- * Whether you are of sufficient age and maturity to explain the reasons and understand the consequences,
- * Whether denying access may protect you from physical or emotional harm,
- * Whether there is reasonable grounds to support your reasons, and
- * Whether the data concerns medical, dental, or other health service provided under Minnesota Statutes Sections 144.341 to 144.347. If so, the data may be released only if failure to inform the parent would seriously jeopardize your health.

NOTICE GIVEN TO: _____ DATE: _____

BY: _____
(name) (title)

REQUEST TO WITHHOLD INFORMATION

I request that the following information: _____

Be withheld from: _____

For these reasons: _____

Date: _____ Print name: _____

Signature: _____

EXHIBIT 6
SAMPLE CONSENT TO RELEASE PRIVATE DATA

I, _____, authorize the Lake City Port Authority (the "Port Authority") to release the following private data about me:

to the following person(s) or entity(ies):

The person(s) or entity(ies) receiving the private data may use it only for the following purpose or purposes:

This authorization is dated _____ and expires on _____.

I understand that my records are protected under state privacy regulations and cannot be disclosed without my consent unless otherwise provided for by law. I also understand that I may cancel this consent at any time prior to the information being released and that in any event this consent expires automatically one year after signing. By signing this document, I give my full and voluntary consent to the Port Authority to release the above-listed data to the persons identified in this release, and I waive any and all claims against the Port Authority for the disclosure of private data about me in accordance with this document.

Signature

Signature of parent or guardian
(if data subject is under 18 years of age)

IDENTITY VERIFIED BY:

- Witness:** x _____
- Identification:**
Driver's License, State ID, Passport, other: _____
- Comparison with signature on file**
- Other:** _____

Responsible Authority/Designee: _____

EXHIBIT 8
SAMPLE DATA PRACTICES ADVISORY
(Tennessee Warning)

Some or all of the information that you are asked to provide on the attached form is classified by State law as either private or confidential. Private data is information that generally cannot be given to the public but can be given to the subject of the data. Confidential data is information that generally cannot be given to either the public or the subject of the data.

Our purpose and intended use of this information is: _____

You ___ are/ ___ are not/ legally required to provide this information.

If you refuse to supply the information, the following may happen: _____

Other persons or entities authorized by law to receive this information are:

EXHIBIT 9
The Lake City Port Authority
Tennessee Warning Form

It is the Lake City Port Authority's (the "Port Authority") responsibility to inform potential employees of their privacy rights. Please carefully read the Tennessee Warning provided below. Sign and date the form and return it with your application. Your signature indicates that you received information regarding your rights as they pertain to the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act.

In accordance with the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, the Port Authority is required to inform you of your rights as they relate to the private information collected from you. Private data is information that is available to you, but not to the public; the personal information we collect about you is private. Minnesota Statutes Sections 13.04 and 13.43 are two sections that govern what affects you as an applicant for employment at the Port Authority. All data collected is considered private except for the following:

1. Your Veteran's status;
2. Relevant test scores;
3. Your job history;
4. Your education and training; and
5. Your work availability.

Your name is considered to be private information; however, if you are selected to be interviewed as a finalist, your name becomes public information.

The data supplied by you may be used for such other purposes as may be determined to be necessary in the administration of personnel policies, rules, and regulations of the Port Authority. Furnishing social security numbers is voluntary for applicants to the Port Authority but refusal to supply other requested information would mean that your application for employment might not be considered.

Private data is available only to you, appropriate Port Authority employees, and others as provided by state and federal laws who have a bona fide need for the data. Public data is available to anyone requesting it and consists of all data furnished in the application for employment that is not designated in this notice as private data.

The information you give about yourself is needed to identify you and to assist the Port Authority in determining your suitability for the position for which you are applying.

I have read and understand the information given above regarding the Minnesota Data Practices Act.

Applicant Signature

Date

EXHIBIT 10
SAMPLE CONTRACT PROVISION

Data Practices Compliance. Contractor will have access to data collected or maintained by the Port Authority to the extent necessary to perform Contractor's obligation under this contract. Contractor acknowledges that, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Section 13.05, subdivision 11, all of the data created, collected, received, stored, used, maintained, or disseminated by Contractor in performing the contract are subject to the requirements of the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act (the "Act"), Minnesota Statutes Chapter 13. Contractor is required to comply with the requirements of the Act as if it were a government entity. Contractor acknowledges that the remedies provided in Minnesota Statutes Section 13.08 apply to Contractor with respect to such data. Contractor will notify the Port Authority of all requests for data that Contractor receives. Contractor agrees to defend and indemnify the Port Authority from any claim, liability, or damage that result from Contractor's violation of the Act or this section of the contract. Upon termination of this contract, Contractor agrees to return data to the Port Authority as requested by the Port Authority. The obligations of this section of the contract, including the obligation to defend and indemnify the Port Authority, shall survive the termination of this Contract, and shall continue so long as the data exists.

APPENDIX A

NONPUBLIC, PRIVATE, AND CONFIDENTIAL DATA MAINTAINED BY THE LAKE CITY PORT AUTHORITY

The list of data types is divided into the following categories: General; Administration; Community Development; and Personnel. The categories are provided only for convenience in locating types of data; inclusion in any particular category is not intended to indicate an exclusive location for that data type.

GENERAL

Business Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.591

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data submitted to the Port Authority by a business requesting financial assistance or benefits financed by public funds are private or nonpublic data. The data becomes public when public financial assistance is provided or the business receives a benefit from the Port Authority, except that business plans, income and expense projections not related to the financial assistance provided, customer lists, income tax returns, and design, market and feasibility studies not paid for with public funds remain private or nonpublic.

Port Authority Attorney Records

CLASSIFICATION(S): Confidential

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.393

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: The use, collection, storage, and dissemination of data by the Port Authority's attorney are governed by statutes, rules, and professional standards concerning discovery, production of documents, introduction of evidence, and professional responsibility. Data which is the subject of attorney-client privilege is confidential. Data which is the subject of the "work product" privilege is confidential.

Civil Investigative Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Confidential/Protected Nonpublic/Not public/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.39

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data collected as part of an active investigation undertaken to commence or defend pending civil litigation, or which are retained in anticipation of pending civil litigation are classified as protected nonpublic data pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Section 13.02, subdivision 13, in the case of data not on individuals and confidential pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Section 13.02, subdivision 3, in the case of data on individuals. This does not include disputes where the sole issue is the Port Authority's timeliness in responding to a data request.

Elected Officials Correspondence

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.601, subd. 2

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Correspondence between individuals and elected officials is private data on individuals, but may be made public by either the sender or the recipient.

Financial Disclosure Statements

CLASSIFICATION(S): Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.601, subd. 1.

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Financial disclosure statements of elected or appointed officials which, by requirement of the Port Authority, are filed with the Port Authority, are public data on individuals.

Grants

CLASSIFICATION(S): Nonpublic/Private

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.599

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data created by a state agency providing grants and person/agencies that apply for or receive grants.

Identity of Employees Making Complaints

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. §§ 181.932, subd. 2; 13.7905, subd. 5(b)

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: The identity of an individual who reports to any governmental body or law enforcement official a violation or suspected violation by the individual's employer of any federal or state law or rule is private data on individuals if it meets the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 181.932, subdivision 2.

Internal Auditing Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Confidential/Private/Protected Nonpublic/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.392

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data, notes, and preliminary drafts of reports created, collected, and maintained by the internal audit offices of the Port Authority or by person performing audits for the Port Authority and relating to an audit or investigation; data on an individual supplying information for an audit or investigation, under specified circumstances.

Internal Competitive Response

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. §§ 13.591, subd. 5, 13.37.

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: A bid or proposal to provide government goods or services that is prepared by the staff of a government entity in competition with bids or proposals solicited by the same government entity from the private sector or a different government entity from the private sector are classified as private or nonpublic until completion of the selection process or completion of the evaluation process at which time the data are public with the exception of trade secret data as defined and classified in Minnesota Statutes Section 13.37.

Judicial Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Confidential/Private/Protected Nonpublic/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.03, subd. 4(e)

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Judicial branch data disseminated to the Port Authority has the same classification in the hands of the Port Authority as it had in the hands of judicial branch entity providing it. If the data have a specific classification in state statute or federal law, the Port Authority must maintain the data according to that specific classification.

Personal Contact and Online Account Information

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. §§ 13.356, 13.04, subd. 2.

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data on an individual collected, maintained, or received by the Port Authority for notification purposes or as part of a subscription list for the Port Authority's electronic periodic publications as requested by the individual are classified as private data on individuals. This data includes telephone numbers, e-mail addresses, internet user names and passwords, Internet protocol addresses, and any other similar data related to the individual's online account or access procedures. This data may only be used for the specific purpose for which the individual provided the data. This data also does not include data submitted for purposes of making a public comment.

Pleadings

CLASSIFICATION(S): Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.03, subd. 12

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Pleadings in a lawsuit by or against the Port Authority are public data to the same extent that the data would be public if filed with the court.

Requests for Proposals

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic/Not public/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. §§ 13.591, subd. 3(b), 13.37.

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data submitted by a business to the Port Authority in response to a request for proposals, as defined in Minnesota Statutes Section 16C.02, subdivision 12, are private or nonpublic until the time and date specified in the solicitation that proposals are due, at which time the name of the responder becomes public. All other data in a responder's response to a request for proposals are private or nonpublic data until completion of the evaluation process. After a government entity has completed the evaluation process, all remaining data submitted by all responders are public with the exception of trade secret data as defined and classified in Minnesota Statutes Section 13.37. A statement by a responder that submitted data are copyrighted or otherwise protected does not prevent public access to the data contained in the response. If all responses to a request for proposals are rejected prior to completion of the evaluation process, all data, other than the names of the responders, remain private or nonpublic until a resolicitation of the requests for proposal results in completion of the evaluation process or a determination is made to abandon the purchase. If the rejection occurs after the completion of the evaluation process, the data remain public. If a

resolicitation of proposals does not occur within one year of the proposal opening date, the remaining data become public.

Sealed Bids

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private / Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.37

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Sealed bids, including the number of bids received, prior to opening are classified as nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals and as private data with regard to data on individuals.

Security Information

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.37

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data which if the Port Authority's Responsible Authority determines if disclosed would be likely to substantially jeopardize the security of information possessions, individuals or property against theft, tampering, improper use, attempted escape, illegal disclosure, trespass, or physical injury is classified as nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals and as private data with regard to data on individuals.. This includes checking account numbers, crime prevention block maps and lists of volunteers who participate in community crime prevention programs and the volunteers' home and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, e-mail or other digital addresses, Internet communication services account information or similar account information, and global positioning system locations. If the Port Authority denies a data request based on a determination that the data are security information, upon request, the Port Authority must provide a short description explaining the necessity for the classification.

Service Cooperative Claims Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.203

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Claims experience and all related information received from carriers and claims administrators participating in a group health or dental plan, including any long-term disability plan, offered through Minnesota service cooperatives to Minnesota political subdivisions and survey information collected from employees and employers participating in these plans and programs, except when the executive director of a Minnesota service cooperative determines that release of the data will not be detrimental to the plan or program, are classified as nonpublic data not on individuals.

Social Security Numbers

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.355

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Social Security numbers of individuals are private data on individuals, except to the extent that access to the Social Security number is specifically authorized by law.

State Auditor Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Confidential/Protected nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 6.715, subd. 5

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data relating to an audit conducted by the State Auditor's office and provided by the State Auditor for purpose of review and verification of the data, prior to publication of the final report of the audit, is protected nonpublic data or confidential data on individuals.

Trade Secret Information

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.37

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data, including a formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique or process: (1) that was supplied by the affected individual or organization; (2) that is the subject of efforts by the individual or organization that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy; and (3) that derives independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by, other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use are nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals and as private data with regard to data on individuals.

ADMINISTRATION

Assessor's Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.51

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data contained on sales sheets received from private multiple listing service organizations is private where the contract with the organizations requires the Port Authority to refrain from making the data available to the public. The following data collected by the Port Authority from individuals or business entities concerning income properties are private or nonpublic: (a) detailed income and expense figures; average vacancy factors; verified net rentable areas or net usable area, whichever is appropriate; anticipated income and expenses; projected vacancy factors; and lease information. Income information on individuals collected and maintained by the Port Authority to determine eligibility of property for class 4d under Minnesota Statutes Sections 273.128 and 273.13, is private data on individuals.

Computer Access Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.15

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data created, collected, or maintained about a person's access to the Port Authority's computer system for the purpose of: (1) gaining access to data or information; (2) transferring data or information; or (3) using government services are private data on individuals or nonpublic data. This data does not include a cookie temporarily installed by the Port Authority on a person's computer during a single session or visit to the Port Authority's web site if the cookie is installed only in a

computer's memory and is deleted from the memory when the web site browser or web site application is closed.

Federal Contracts Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.35

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: All data collected and maintained by the Port Authority when required to do so by a federal agency as part of its contract with the Port Authority are classified as either private or nonpublic depending on whether the data are data on individuals or data not on individuals.

Municipal Bonds Register Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. §§ 13.202, subd. 12, 475.55, subd. 6

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data with respect to the ownership of municipal obligations are nonpublic data or private data on individuals.

Parking Space Leasing Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.37

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: The following data on an applicant for or lessee of a parking space: residence address, home telephone number, beginning and ending work hours, place of employment, work telephone number and location of the parking space are classified as nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals and as private data with regard to data on individuals.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Appraisal Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Confidential/Protected Nonpublic/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.44, subd. 3

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Estimated or appraised values of property that are made by the Port Authority or by an independent appraiser acting for the Port Authority for the purpose of selling or acquiring land through purchase or condemnation are classified as confidential data on individuals or protected nonpublic data. However, this data becomes public at the discretion of the Port Authority, determined by majority vote of the Port Authority's governing body. Appraised values of property that are made by appraisers working for fee owners or contract purchasers who have received an offer to purchase their property from a government entity are classified as private data on individuals or nonpublic data. Appraisal data made confidential or nonpublic become public when the data are submitted to a court appointed condemnation commissioner, the data are presented in court in condemnation proceedings or the parties enter into an agreement for the purchase and sale of the property.

Award Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.48

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Financial data on business entities submitted to the Port Authority for the purpose of presenting awards to business entities for achievements in business development or performance are private data on individuals or nonpublic data.

Benefit Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.462

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data on individuals collected or created when an individual seeks information about becoming, is or was an applicant for or a recipient of benefits or services provided under any housing, home ownership, rehabilitation and community action agency, Head Start, or food assistance programs administered by the Port Authority are private data on individuals with the exception of the names and addresses of applicants for and recipients of the benefits, which are classified as public data on individuals.

Convention Center Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.55

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Letters or documentation from any person who makes inquiry to or who is contacted by the convention center facility regarding availability of the facility for staging events; identity of firms and corporations that contact the facility; the type of event that the contacting person wants to stage in the facility; suggested terms of rentals and responses of staff to such inquiries are nonpublic or private data on individuals. However, that data becomes public upon any of the following: (a) five years elapse from the date on which the lease or contract is entered into between the facility and the inquiring party or parties or the event which was the subject of inquiry occurs at the facility, whichever occurs earlier; (b) the event which was the subject of inquiry does not occur; or (c) the event which was the subject of inquiry occurs elsewhere. The names, addresses and contact persons for individual exhibitors at an exhibition may be withheld at the discretion of the Port Authority to protect the competitive position of the facility or its customers.

Housing Agency Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Confidential / Private / Protected Nonpublic / Nonpublic / Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.585

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Correspondence between the housing agency and agency's attorney containing data on individuals collected as part of an active investigation undertaken for the purpose of the commencement or defense of potential or actual litigation; initiation of lease terminations and eviction actions; admission denial hearings concerning prospective tenants; commencement of actions against independent contractors of the agency; and tenant grievance hearings are classified as confidential data. Correspondence between the housing agency and the agency's attorney containing data not on individuals collected as part of an active investigation undertaken for the purpose of the commencement or defense of potential or actual litigation are classified as

protected nonpublic data. Income information on individuals collected and maintained to determine property tax classification eligibility is private data on individuals. Data pertaining to negotiations with property owners regarding the purchase of property are classified as nonpublic data.

Property Complaint Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Confidential

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.44, subd. 1

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data that identifies individuals who register complaints concerning violations of state laws or local ordinances concerning the use of real property are classified as confidential data.

Redevelopment Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.59

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Names and addresses of individuals and the legal descriptions of property owned by individuals, when collected in surveys of individuals conducted by the Port Authority or Housing and Redevelopment Authority for the purposes of planning, development, and redevelopment are classified as private data. Names and addresses of businesses and the legal descriptions of business properties and the commercial use of the property to the extent the disclosure of the use would identify a particular business are nonpublic data.

PERSONNEL

Applicants for Appointment to the Port Authority

CLASSIFICATION(S): Public/Private

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.601, subd. 3

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data on applicants for appointment to the Port Authority are private except that the following are public: name, city of residence (except when the appointment has a residence requirement that requires the entire address to be public), education and training, employment history, volunteer work, awards and honors, prior government service, any data required to be provided or that are voluntarily provided in an application for appointment to a multimember agency pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Section 15.0597, and veteran status. Once the individual is appointed, the following additional items become public: residential address and either a telephone number or electronic mail address where the person can be reached, first and last dates of service on the Port Authority, the existence and status of any complaints or charges against the individual, and upon completion of an investigation of a complaint or charge against an individual, the final investigative report is public, unless access to the data would jeopardize an active investigation. Any electronic mail address or telephone number provided by the Port Authority for use by an appointee is public. An appointee may use an electronic mail address or telephone number provided by the Port Authority as the designated electronic mail address or telephone number at which he or she can be reached.

Employee Drug and Alcohol Tests

CLASSIFICATION(S): Confidential/Private

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. §§ 13.7905, subd. 5(c), 181.954, subd. 2 and 3

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Test results and other information acquired in an employee drug and alcohol testing process are private data on individuals.

Employment and Training Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.47

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data on individuals collected, maintained, used, or disseminated because an individual applies for, is currently enrolled in, or has been enrolled in employment and training programs funded with federal, state, or local resources are private data on individuals.

Examination Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Confidential

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.34

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Data consisting solely of testing or examination materials or scoring keys used solely to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion, the disclosure of which would compromise the objectivity or fairness of the testing or examination process are classified as nonpublic, except pursuant to court order.

Labor Relations Information

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.37

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Management positions on economic and noneconomic items that have not been presented during the collective bargaining process or interest arbitration, including information specifically collected or created to prepare the management position is classified as nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals and as private data with regard to data on individuals.

Personnel and Employment Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Private/Public

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.43.

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Certain government data on individuals maintained because the individual is or was an employee of or an applicant for employment by, performs services on a voluntary basis for, or acts as an independent contractor with the Port Authority are public as set forth in Minnesota Statutes Section 13.43, subdivision 2. All other personnel data is private data on individuals but may be released pursuant to a court order. Data pertaining to an employee's dependents are private data on individuals.

Salary Benefit Survey Data

CLASSIFICATION(S): Nonpublic

GOVERNING STATUTE: Minn. Stat. § 13.435

DESCRIPTION OF DATA: Salary and personnel benefit survey data purchased from consulting firms, nonprofit corporations or associations or obtained from employers with the written understanding that the data shall not be made public are classified as nonpublic data.